GENERAL OBSERVATION ON RGGVY IMPLEMENTED IN THE INSPECTED VILLAGES:

- 1. Selection of beneficiaries was done as per survey conducted based on the BPL Census of 2001.
- Though Survey was conducted in 2001 yet the actual implementation took place from 2011 onwards. This implies that there was a long delay in the process of implementation.
- 3. Some of the BPL beneficiaries sanctioned under RGGVY have already completed the electricity connection through self application from MeECL regular existing lines prior to the implementation of the scheme as their economic condition has improved.
- 4. It is very surprising to note that since the time of providing electricity connection to most villages none from the revenue section of MeECL have come to record the electricity consumption for determining the electricity bill except Jakrem, Mawthungkper and Nongkhlaw Village. Therefore, till date none of the beneficiaries have received any electricity bill. Moreover, the poor beneficiaries thought that since the connection was given free of cost, therefore, they do not need to pay any amount for the electricity bill.
- 5. It appears that there is a total negligence on the part of the revenue section resulting in non-distribution of electricity bill to the beneficiaries after three or four years of providing service connection. This automatically will result in accumulation of arrear bills and the poor beneficiaries will not be in a position to clear the arrear bill in one-time payment.

SUGGESTION:

- 1. The EE incharge of RGGVY revenue section needs to direct the concerned meter reader to immediately prepare the electricity bills and distribute to the respective beneficiaries.
- 2. Special consideration need to be given to the beneficiaries by allowing them to make payment on installment basis as the accumulation of arrear bills will amount to thousands of rupees.